**Lawful Notification of Maladministration to all Executive Branch Officers in Texas for Allowing Foreign Invasion**

**Notice to Agent is Notice to Principal and Notice to Principal is Notice to Agent**

I, one of the People (as seen in the 50 State Constitutions), Republican in Form, Sui Juris, do present you with this notice that you and your agents may provide due care;

**Please take notice that** the people have taken the time to do the proper study to be able to come together and have assembled, in an orderly and peaceful manner, to give instructions to their officers and representatives to deal with matters of the common good and observe fundamental principles. As governor, you have been entrusted with delegated powers in order to protect and keep the People of Texas, safe from those who invade, or may attempt to invade, or conquer, this state in accordance with the laws of the land and the Constitution's rules and regulations. *(The following authorities are cited below:*

*“The people have a right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good; give instructions to their representatives, and to request of the legislative body, by the way of addresses, petitions, or remonstrances, redress of the wrongs done them, and of the grievances they suffer.”* ***Massachusetts Constitution, Part the First, Article XIX***

*“A frequent recurrence to the fundamental principles of the constitution, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government. The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives: and they have a right to require of their lawgivers and magistrates, an exact and constant observance of them, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the commonwealth.”* ***Massachusetts Constitution, Part the First, Article XVIII***

**Please take notice that** the sole and only legitimate end of the institution, maintenance, and administration of government is to secure the existence of the body politic, to protect it, and to furnish the individuals who comprise it with the power of enjoying, in safety and tranquility, their natural rights and every other function is usurpation and oppression; For when those in a limited government, go beyond the bounds that the Constitution sets for their powers, every act is an instance of usurpation against the sovereignty of the people and therefore treason. *(The following authorities are cited below:)*

*“****Objective of government****. That the sole object and only legitimate end of government is to protect the citizen in the enjoyment of life, liberty, and property, and when the government assumes other functions, it is usurpation and oppression.”* ***Alabama Constitution, Article I, § 35***

***Tucker Blackstone Vol. 1 Appendix Note B [Section 3] 1803*** *“If in a limited government, the public functionaries exceed the limits which the constitution prescribes to their powers, every act is an act of usurpation in the government, and, as such, treason against the sovereignty of the people.”*

*“Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against it, or* **adhering to its enemies***,* ***giving them aid and comfort****; and no person shall be convicted of treason except on the testimony of**two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.” ~****Texas Const. art. 1, § 22.***

**Please take notice that** it is your duty to execute the uniform naturalization laws passed by the United States in Congress assembled and carry them into effect to stop any foreign invasion of the state by all proper ways, enterprises, and means whatsoever. Every member of the government, whether they are appointed or elected, is a trustee and servant of the people and is, by implied or expressed contract, obligated by oath or affirmation to defend the Constitutions of the United States and their State in a manner that is most consistent with and binding on their conscience from enemies of the republic, both domestic and foreign. By allowing thousands of undocumented and unvetted foreigners to infiltrate our communities, you have unequivocally failed to secure the rights and safety of the people and to uphold your Oath to the trust indenture. This has exposed the People to serious threats to their lives, liberty, and property. By placing the needs of migrants above those you serve, you have depleted our natural and production resources, endangered our economy, crowded our cities and towns, overtaxed our legal and educational systems, placed undue pressure on our state's emergency shelter system, which is already at capacity, squandered our fortunes, and overcrowded our healthcare system.

By providing migrants who have illegally entered Texas and who lack savings, a job, a sponsor, or a plan, exclusive privileges, not afforded to the people you have not only provided unlawful aid and comfort to foreigners but have done so at the expense of the people in the form of housing, meals, translators, college, transportation, phones, and monthly stipends. Regardless of political leanings, we are a nation of laws and not of men and as such you are bound to an exact adherence of the law. These major failures are the direct result of the inability to follow the form as prescribed by law, resulting in what is known as maladministration and willful misconduct. (The following authorities are cited below:)

***Maxim of Law*** *“There is no stronger link or bond between men than an oath.”* ***Jenk. Cent. Cas. 126; Id. P. 126, case 54.***

**Please take notice that** it is the people alone who have an incontestable, unalienable, and indefeasible right to institute government and to reform, alter, or completely change it whenever the public's protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness so demand it; and it is our right to instruct our representatives and make the expression of our voices and opinions heard, which is essential to the operation of a just, equal and representative system. *(The following authorities are cited below:)*

***Maxim of Law 11a.*** *“A delegated power cannot be again delegated.”* ***2 Inst. 597; Black’s, 2d. 347; 2 Bouv. Inst. n. 1300.***

***Maxim of Law 11e.*** *“Power can never be delegated which the authority said to delegate never possessed itself.* ***N.J. Steam Co. v. Merch Bank, 6 How. (47 U.S.) 344, 407.***

**Please take further notice that** we demand that all public servants, trustees, and agents begin at once to take the necessary action to protect the interests of the people whom you are bound to serve by securing the state from further invasion and against the dangers of maladministration and the threats posed therein. The failure of attorneys to understand the lawful obligation inherent in the oath of office for public servants, and/or the presenting of information contrary to the universally admitted authority of fundamental law, to any government official or worker, does not excuse the government official or worker from failing to understand their duty, nor does it exempt them from properly performing it.

**Notice of Liability**

**Please take notice that** the People can never be secure from tyranny if there is no means to escape it till, they are perfectly under it; and, therefore, it is self-evident that they have a right to not only reject it but a duty to prevent it. When those who have the supreme executive power neglect and abandon their charge so that laws already made can no longer be put to execution, or act contrary to the trust reposed in them, making themselves masters or arbitrary disposers of the lives, liberties, or fortunes of the people, their trust is therefore dissolved; For the society can never, by the fault of another, lose the native and original right it has to preserve itself. The state of mankind is not so miserable that they are not capable of using this remedy till it is too late to look for any. You must, at once, cease and desist any further acts of maladministration and treason. The failure to correct these issues will be considered a willful trespass with full knowledge, intent, and malice. *(The following authorities are cited below:)*

***John Locke, “Two Treatises of Government”***

***Section 219.*** *There is one way more whereby such a government may be dissolved, and that is, when he who has the supreme executive power neglects and abandons that charge, so that the laws already made can no longer be put in execution. This is demonstratively to reduce all to anarchy, and so effectually to dissolve the government: for laws not being made for themselves, but to be, by their execution, the bonds of the society, to keep every part of the body politic in its due place and function; when that totally ceases, the government visibly ceases, and the people become a confused multitude, without order or connexion. Where there is no longer the administration of**justice, for the securing of men’s rights, nor any remaining power within the community to direct**the force or provide for the necessities of the public; there certainly is no government left.**Where the laws cannot be executed, it is all one as if there were no laws; and a government**without laws is, I suppose, a mystery in politics, inconceivable to human capacity, and**inconsistent with human society.*

***Section 220.*** *In these, and the like cases, when the government is dissolved, the people are at liberty to provide for themselves by erecting a new legislative differing from the other by the change of persons, or form, or both, as they shall find it most for their safety and good. For society can never, by the fault of another, lose the native and original right it has to preserve itself, which can only be done by a settled legislative and a fair and impartial execution of the laws made by it. But the state of mankind is not so miserable that they are not capable of using this remedy till it is too late to look for any. To tell people they may provide for themselves by erecting a new legislative, when, by oppression, artifice, or being delivered over to a foreign power, their old one is gone, is only to tell them they may expect relief when it is too late, and the evil is past cure. This is, in effect, no more than to bid them first be slaves, and then to take care of their liberty, and, when their chains are on, tell them they may act like free men. This, if barely so, is rather mockery than relief, and men can never be secure from tyranny if there be no means to escape it till they are perfectly under it; and, therefore, it is that they have not only a right to get out of it but to prevent it.”*

***Maxim 51c.*** *The government is to be subject to the law, for the law makes the government.* ***C.L.M.***

***Miranda v. Arizona, 384 U.S. 436 (1966) page 491*** *“Where rights secured by the Constitution are involved, there can be no rulemaking or legislation which would abrogate them.*

***Maxim 86b.*** *No man can forfeit another’s right.* ***Fleta, lib. 1, c. 28, s. 11***

**Furthermore**, if you disagree and believe any of these claims are untrue, you **must** respond by affidavit, sworn under penalty of perjury, and explain why as governor, the powers intrusted, were not used to protect the people from foreign invasion and show where you have been granted the authority to ignore our instructions and infringe upon, or, do anything other than secure the rights of the people, within fourteen (14) days, or you agree that all herein be true and continued transgressions by ambition, oppression, usurpation fear, folly or corruption over the lives and liberties of the people constitutes a breach of trust and forfeiture of the power the people had delegated and therefore you are relieved of duty and shall be personally liable for any statutory violations, as well provide remedy of $7,000 individually, per incident, for all people impacted by said invasion. I reserve the right to have this issue resolved by an arbitrator of my choice*.*

This Notice is sent to you in peace and with the love of Christ, so that you may provide immediate due care to those in whom all political power is inherent, the People. We look forward to your timely written response.

Autograph Date

Witness

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