

XII. FOUNDATIONS OF LAW, LESSON 11: NOTICE AND OPPORTUNITY: UNALIENABLE RIGHT TO LIFE

A. THE INTERPLAY OF RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Our inherent rights, deeply embedded in the fabric of our society, stand as the bedrock of our fundamental values, embodying the essential freedoms innate to every individual. These rights, which encompass core principles like life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, are not bestowed by governing bodies but are inherent to our humanity. Interconnected with these rights is the crucial concept of responsibility – the obligation of each man and woman to hold our elected officials accountable. Just as our rights empower us, our responsibilities empower our society, ensuring that those entrusted with authority uphold the values of justice, equality, and the rule of law. It is our collective duty as guardians of our shared welfare to remain vigilant, demand transparency and accountability, and actively engage in the governance of our nation. By doing so, we safeguard not only our rights but also the integrity and vitality of our institutions, fulfilling our enduring obligation to uphold the principles upon which our society is built.

1. WE HAVE A RIGHT AS WELL AS A DUTY TO HOLD OUR PUBLIC OFFICIALS ACCOUNTABLE.

- a. **“That all persons invested with the Legislative or Executive powers of Government are the Trustees of the Public, and, as such, accountable for their conduct.** Wherefore, whenever the ends of Government are perverted, and public liberty manifestly endangered, and all other means of redress are ineffectual, the People may, and of right ought, to reform the old, or establish a new Government; the doctrine of nonresistance against arbitrary power and oppression is absurd, slavish and destructive of the good and happiness of mankind.” **Maryland Const. art. I, § 6.**
 - b. A frequent recurrence to the **fundamental principles of the constitution**, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to **preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government.** The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives: and they have a right to require of their lawgivers and magistrates, **an exact and constant observance of them**, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the commonwealth. **Massachusetts Const. part the first, art. XVIII.**
2. *“We the people are the rightful masters of both Congress and the courts, not to overthrow the Constitution but to overthrow the men who pervert the Constitution.” -Abraham Lincoln*

B. HOW DO WE HOLD THEM ACCOUNTABLE?

1. *15 “If your brother sins against you, go and tell him his fault, between you and him alone. If he listens to you, you have gained your brother. 16 But if he does not listen, take one or two others along with you, that every charge may be established by the evidence of two or three witnesses. 17 If he refuses to listen to them, tell it to the church. And if he refuses to listen even to the church, let him be to you as a Gentile and a tax collector. 18 Truly, I say to you, whatever you bind on earth shall be bound in heaven, and whatever you loose on earth shall be loosed in heaven.” -Matthew 18:15-18 (ESV)*

COMMON LAW ACADEMY LESSON

2. The essential elements of "due process of law" are **notice and opportunity to be heard** and to defend in orderly proceeding adapted to nature of case, and the guarantee or due process requires that every man have protection of day in court and benefit of general law. *Dimke v. Finke, 209 Minn. 29, 295 N.W. 75, 79; Di Maio v. Reid, 13 N.J.L. 17, 37 A.2d 829, 830.*

C. PARTS OF A NOTICE

1. Recipient's Information

<u>NAME</u>	<u>POSITION</u>	<u>EMAIL/ADDRESS</u>

2. Notice Title

Lawful Notification of Corrective Action to Prevent Maladministration

Notice to Agent is Notice to Principal and Notice to Principal is Notice to Agent

3. Sender's Information

I {Your Name} , one of the People, (as seen in the 50 State Constitutions), Republican in Form, Sui Juris, do present you with this notice that you and your agents may provide due care;

Please take notice that the People have taken the time to do the proper study to be able to come together in mass across the nation, in an orderly and peaceful manner, to **give instructions to their representatives**, to **require an exact observation of fundamental principles**, and to **prevent maladministration**. *(The following authorities are cited below:)*

Maxim of Law 11s. One lawfully commanding must be obeyed. Jenk. Cent. 120.

Maxim of Law 20e. There are two instruments for confirming or impugning all things, -reason and authority. 8 Coke, 16.

4. Nature of Complaint

Please take notice that as trustees and servants, you are at all times amenable to the people. Please provide clarity about where you were granted the lawful authority from creation to _____. [Insert a paragraph summarizing your argument which is based on the authorities.](The following authorities are cited below:)

5. Standard Blocks

Please take notice that all political power in our republican form of government resides originally in the people and is derived from them, and we are endowed by our Creator with certain natural, essential, inherent, indefeasible, and unalienable rights. We have instituted government to secure those rights as its sole and only legitimate end. Every other function is an act of usurpation in the government, and consequently treason against the sovereignty of the people. *(The following authorities are cited below:)*

Maxim of Law 51o *“All Political Power is inherent in the people by decree of God, thus none can exist except it be derived from them.” American Maxim*

Officers servants of the people *That all power being originally inherent in and co[n]sequently derived from the people, therefore, all officers of government, whether legislative or executive, are their trustees and servants; and at all times, in a legal way, accountable to them. Vermont Const. Article 1, § 6.*

Maxim of Law 59o. *“Law is a rule of right, and whatever is contrary to the rule of right is an injury.” 3 Bulst. 313.*

“Objective of government. *That the sole object and only legitimate end of government is to protect the citizen in the enjoyment of life, liberty, and property, and when the government assumes other functions, it is usurpation and oppression.” Alabama Constitution, Article I, § 35*

Maxim of Law 51r. *“As usurpation is the exercise of power, which another has a right to; so, tyranny is the exercise of power beyond right, which nobody can have a right to.” Locke, Treat. 2, 18, 199.*

Maxim of Law 51p. *“The main object of government is the protection and preservation of personal rights, private property, and public liberties, and upholding the law of God.” American Maxim.*

Tucker Blackstone Vol. 1 Appendix Note B [Section 3] 1803 *“If in a limited government, the public functionaries exceed the limits which the constitution prescribes to their powers, every act is an act of usurpation in the government, and, as such, treason against the sovereignty of the people.”*

Please take notice that every member of the government, whether they are appointed or elected, is a trustee and servant of the people and is, by implied or expressed contract, obligated by oath or affirmation to defend the Constitutions of the United States and their State in a manner that is most consistent with and binding on their conscience from enemies of the republic, both domestic and foreign. The failure of attorneys to understand the lawful obligation inherent in the oath of office for public servants, and/or the presenting of information contrary to the universally admitted authority of fundamental law, to any government official or worker, does not excuse the government official or worker from failing to understand their duty, nor does it exempt them from properly performing it. *(The following authorities are cited below:)*

“The mode of administering an oath, or affirmation, shall be such as may be most consistent with and binding upon the conscience of the person to whom such oath, or affirmation, may be administered.” Washington Constitution Article.1, Sec. 6

Maxim of Law *“There is no stronger link or bond between men than an oath.” Jenk. Cent. Cas. 126; Id. P. 126, case 54.*

COMMON LAW ACADEMY LESSON

Please take notice that to prevent those, who are vested with authority, from becoming oppressors, the people have a right, to cause their public officers to return to private life and it is the people alone who have an incontestable, unalienable, and inalienable right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity and happiness require it. *(The following authorities are cited below:)*

*In order to prevent those, who are vested with authority, from becoming oppressors, the people have a right, at such periods and in such manner as they shall establish by their frame of government, to cause their public officers to return to private life; and to fill up vacant places by certain and regular election and appointments. **Massachusetts Constitution, Part the First, Article VIII.***

§ 221.

*There is, therefore, secondly, another way whereby governments are dissolved, and that is, when the legislative, or the prince, either of them, act contrary to their trust. First, The legislative acts against the trust reposed in them, when they endeavour to invade the property of the subject, and to make themselves, or any part of the community, masters, or arbitrary disposers of the lives, liberties, or fortunes of the people. - **John Locke, Two Treatises of Government***



6. Notice of Liability and Opportunity

Notice of Liability

Please take notice that All officers and Trustees must take lawful action to prevent maladministration and must comply with all provisions of the Constitution and observe exactly the principals of fundamental law. The thwarting of your duty to correct these issues will be considered a willful trespass with full knowledge, intent, and malice.

Furthermore, if you maintain a differing viewpoint and question the legitimacy of any of these statements, or if, during moments of crisis or urgency, you believe it is within your jurisdiction to violate any inherent rights of the People, such as the freedom to exercise liberty, conscience, movement, worship, or to preserve life, you must reply **within ten (10) business days** through a **sworn affidavit under the pains and penalty of perjury**. This reply should contain constitutional provisions that justify your authority to infringe upon the People's rights or to disregard our lawful directives. Failing to provide such evidence within the designated timeframe implies your acknowledgment that all asserted claims are accurate, and you must cease any further violations against the people.

When government servants betray the trust bestowed upon them, their removal becomes not only a necessity but a safeguard for the integrity of governance. Your failure to correct or any further violations arising from ignorance, ambition, oppression, usurpation, fear, folly, or corruption that impact the lives and liberties of the people will be considered a breach of your trust agreement. **This breach will lead to the forfeiture of any granted authority, resulting in your removal from office. Moreover, you agree to accept all fines, fees, penalties & punishments deserving of your transgressions under all applicable law. In addition to compensation of \$7,000 per individual, per occurrence, will be pursued for all affected parties. I retain the right to resolve this matter through an arbitrator of my choosing, with the decision being binding. Furthermore, no court shall have the authority to rehear this matter; it shall stand as evidence, truth, and law in all courts of record.**

This Notice is sent to you in peace and with the love of our Creator, so that you may provide immediate due care to those in whom all political power is inherent, the People.

Executed in {City/Town} , **Washington** on this day of in
the year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty-Four.

7. Autograph & Witness Section

Autograph _____

Printed Name _____

Please send any correspondence to: _____

Witness #1 Autograph _____

Printed Name _____

Witness #2 Autograph _____

Printed Name _____

ACADEMY

Real Law, Real Simple

D. MAKING THE ARGUMENT

Please take notice that as trustees and servants, you are at all times amenable to the people. Please provide clarity about where you were granted the lawful authority from creation to _____

COMMON LAW ACADEMY LESSON

E. NOTICE INSTRUCTIONS

Step 1. Gather & Read Documents

To complete this task, you will need to **get the following document:** “*Lawful Notification of Corrective Action to Prevent Maladministration*”. **Please read it thoroughly.**

Step 2. Fill Out Lawful Notification of Corrective Action to Prevent Maladministration

A. Fill out the “Certification of Service” section and list whom the notice is going to.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>POSITION</u>	<u>EMAIL/ADDRESS</u>

B. Replace the line in the following paragraph with your name.

I {Your Name}, one of the People, (as seen in the 50 State Constitutions),

C. Fill out the Verification when in front of a notary.

Executed in (Your City/Town Name), State on this (Day) day of (Month) in the year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty-Four.

(Your Signature) Autograph

Please send any correspondence to: (Your Address)

D. Find two people to witness your signature and have them sign and print their name.

Witness #1 Autograph _____

Printed Name _____

Witness #2 Autograph _____

Printed Name _____

Step 4. Copy and Mail Documents

Make two copies of the notarized, “Lawful Notification of Corrective Action to Prevent Maladministration”. Mail one of the copies via certified mail with the return receipt to each of the names on the “Certificate of Service” page.

- (DO NOT SEND THE ORIGINAL NOTARIZED DOCUMENT)
- Keep it in a safe place along with a copy and all receipts.
- When the green card comes in the mail, put it with the originals.

PART II. NEXT STEPS

Step 5. If the Behavior Continues, Serve them with an Affidavit of Truth or a Writ of Quo Warranto. See Instructions for Affidavit or Writ of Quo Warranto

