



THE RULE OF LAW:

Breakdown, Record and Exposure

Module 24: From Record To Remedy

Completing the Chain of Authority

Slide 2: HOUSE RULES

**Truth
Above All**

**Mutual
Respect**

**Selfless
Contribution**

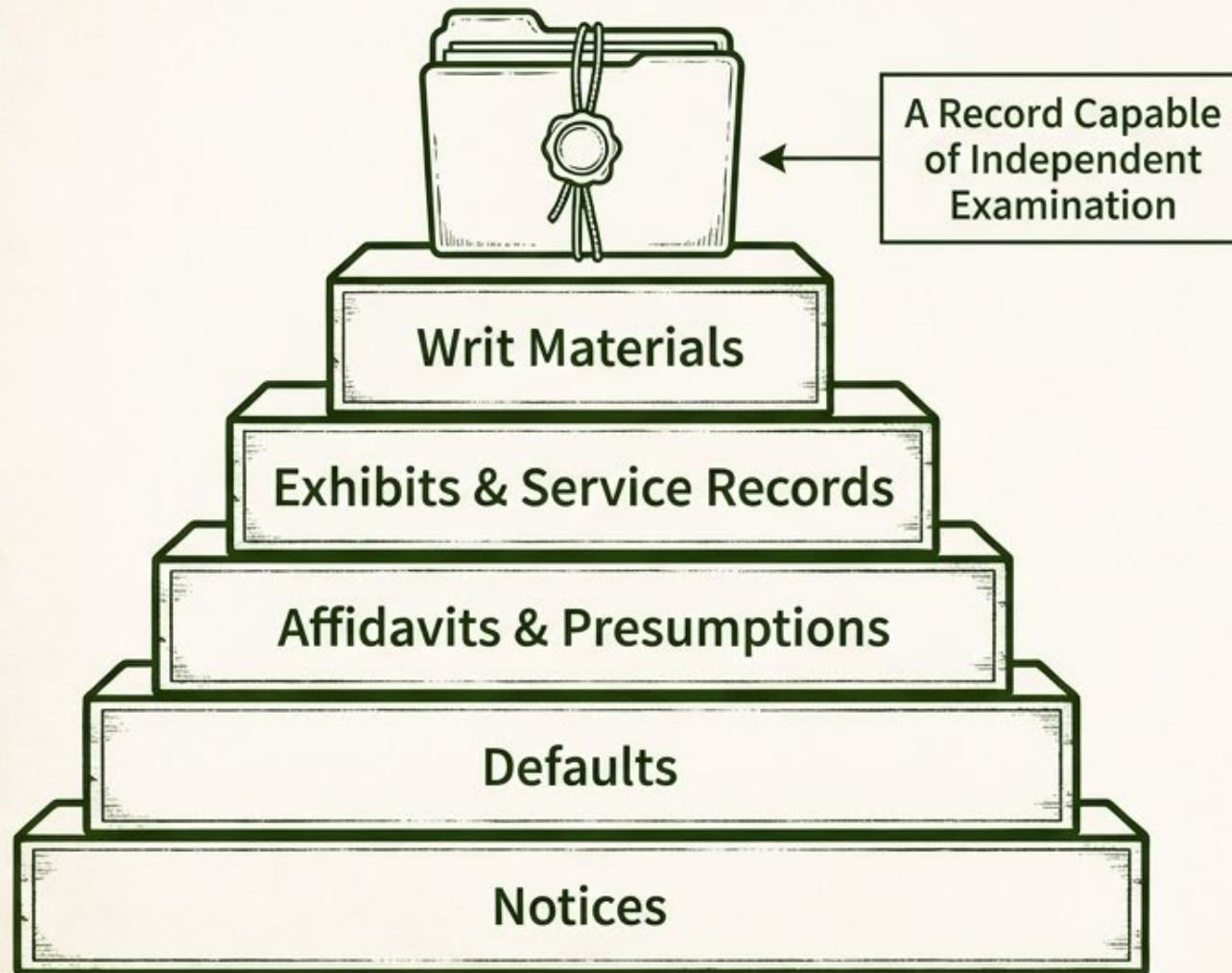
Objective: Pursue truth and restore lawful accountability.

Strict Prohibition: No confrontation, obstruction, or threats.

Nature of Course: Educational process study, not legal advice.

Standard: Hold every claim of authority to the same standard of proof.

SLIDE 3: YOU ALREADY BUILT THE RECORD



- Cumulative work of the past 11 modules.
- Identified authority, documented notice, authenticated facts, and tested jurisdiction.
- Core Question: Now that you have built the record, what do you do with it?

SLIDE 4: THE RECORD HAS A PURPOSE

Creating Paper



Enabling a Decision-Maker



- ☐ Establishes proven facts
- ☐ Highlights unproven claims
- ☐ Identifies lawful authority

The transition from record construction to accountability.

SLIDE 5: THE CHAIN IS NOW COMPLETE



Each link depends upon the integrity of the links before it.

Accountability means placing an established record before an institution with lawful authority to examine it, not merely making an accusation.

SLIDE 6: ACCOUNTABILITY STARTS WITH THE RECORD

What You Believe Happened

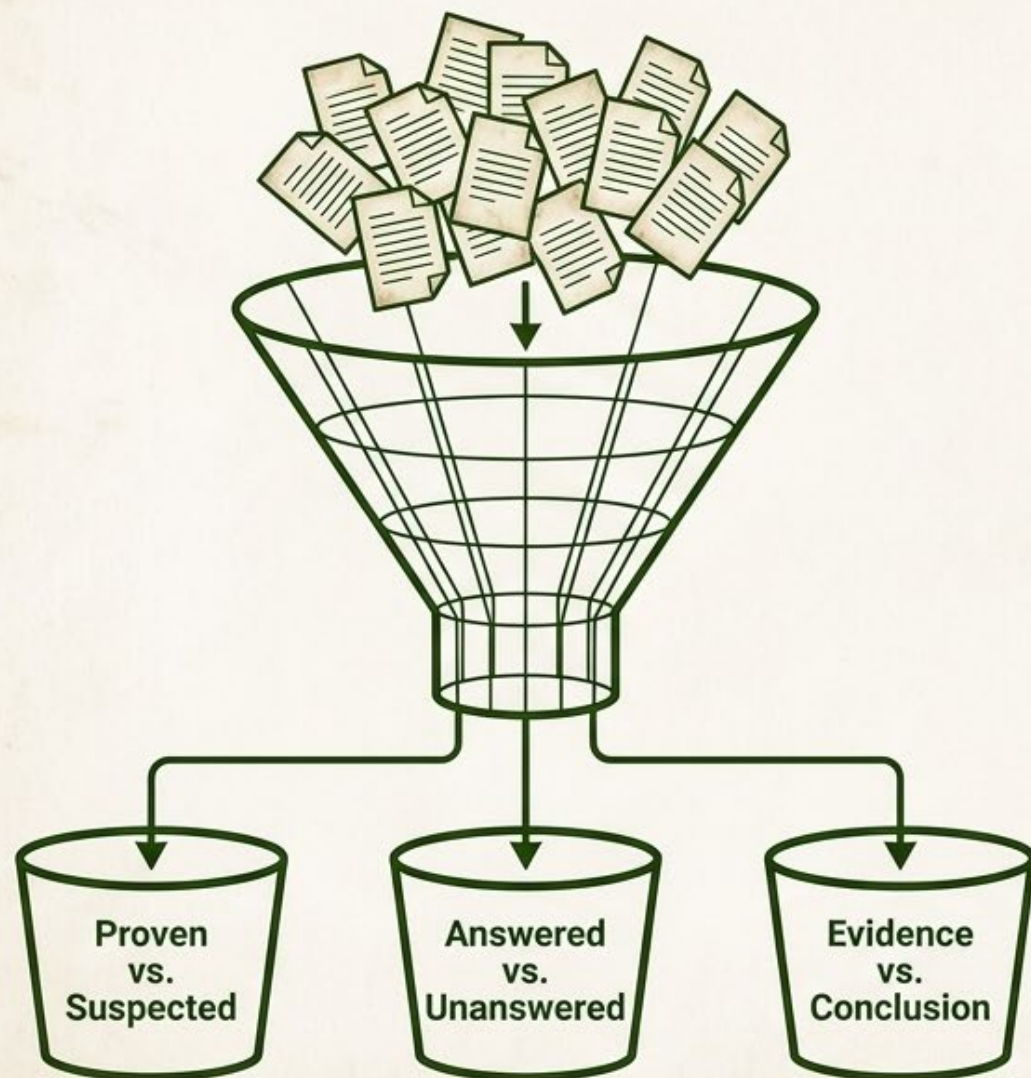
- ~~- Broad accusations~~
- ~~- Assumptions about intent~~
- ~~- Subjective interpretations~~

What You Can Prove

- **Authenticated chronology**
- **Notices and Responses**
- **Sworn Affidavits**
- **Exhibits and Supporting Authority**

Do not start over. The existing record becomes the factual foundation for the next lawful step.

SLIDE 7: READ THE RECORD BEFORE YOU ACT



“

Read the record as if it belonged to someone else.

Do not exaggerate the evidence. Identify facts, show supporting documents, and state the unresolved issue.

The Rule: Do not make the record fit the accusation. Make the next action fit the record.

SLIDE 8: FIND THE BREAK IN THE CHAIN



Missing Delegation	Show the missing grant.
Failed Due Process	Compare required process vs. what actually occurred.
No Jurisdiction	Show what remains unsupported.
Execution Exceeded Judgment	Compare authority granted vs. action taken.

Core Principle: Do not challenge the entire system. Turn a broad complaint into a precise proposition linked directly to the evidence.

SLIDE 9: BUILD THE ACCOUNTABILITY PACKET



What happened?

**Chronology,
governing authority,
proof of service.**



**What does the
record prove?**

**Sworn facts, relevant
notices, responses,
supporting exhibits.**



**What remains
unresolved?**

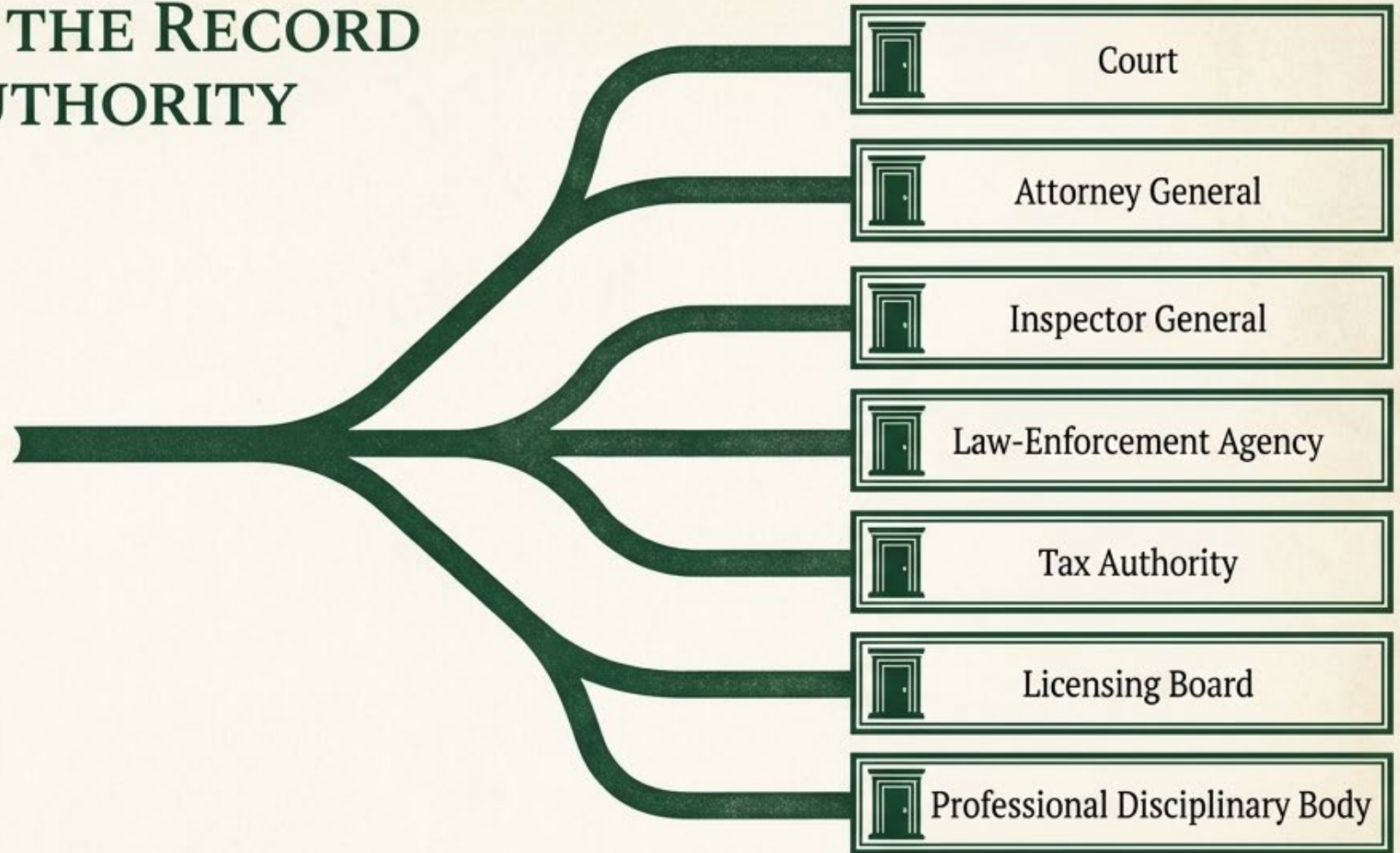
**The pinpointed
break in the chain.**

Assembly Rules: Remove repetition. Separate evidence from argument. Make the chain easy for a new reader to follow.

SLIDE 10: MATCH THE RECORD TO THE RIGHT AUTHORITY



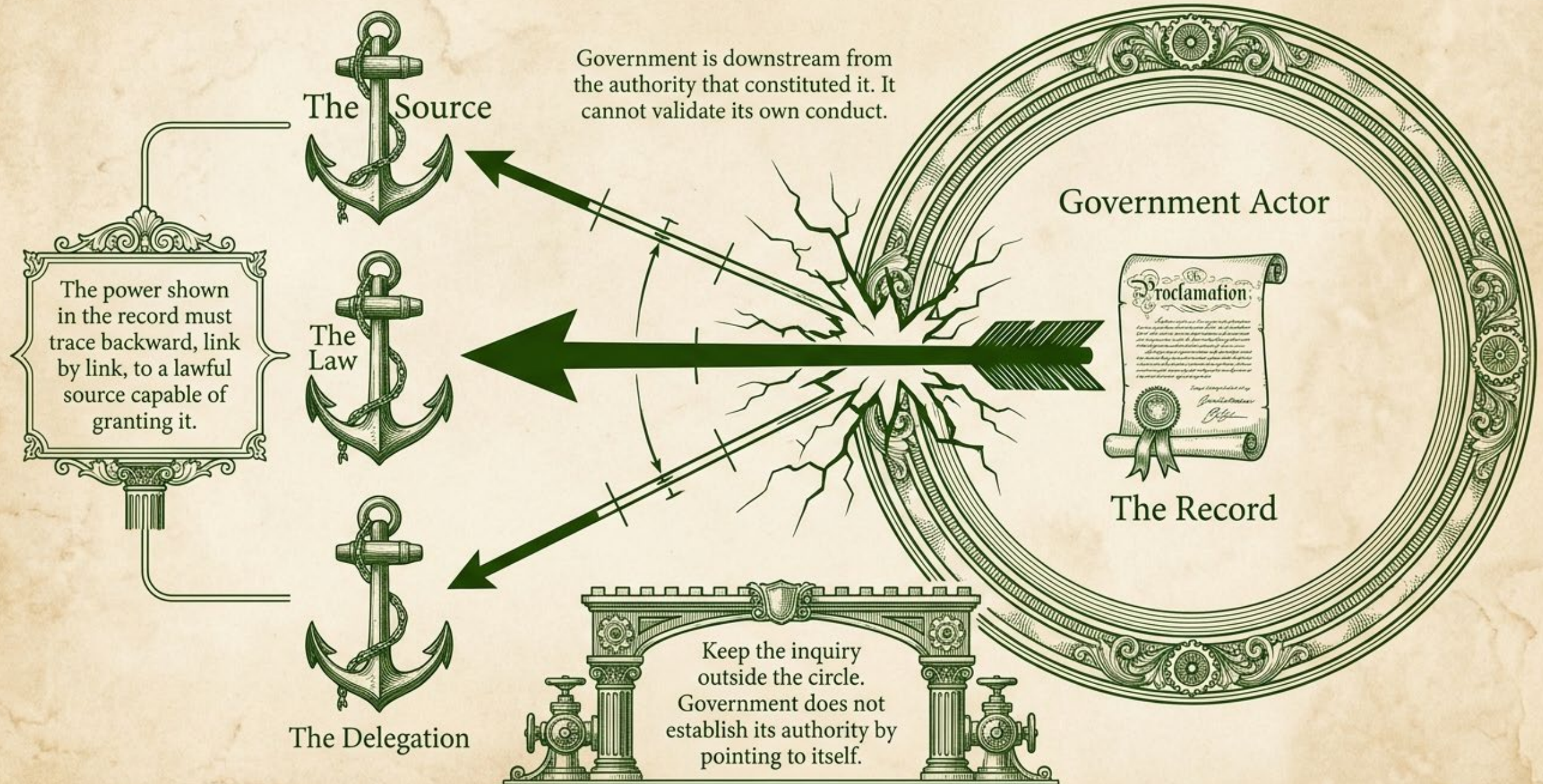
**Completed Accountability
Packet**



Identify the conduct documented → Determine institutional jurisdiction → Learn the institution's submission requirements.

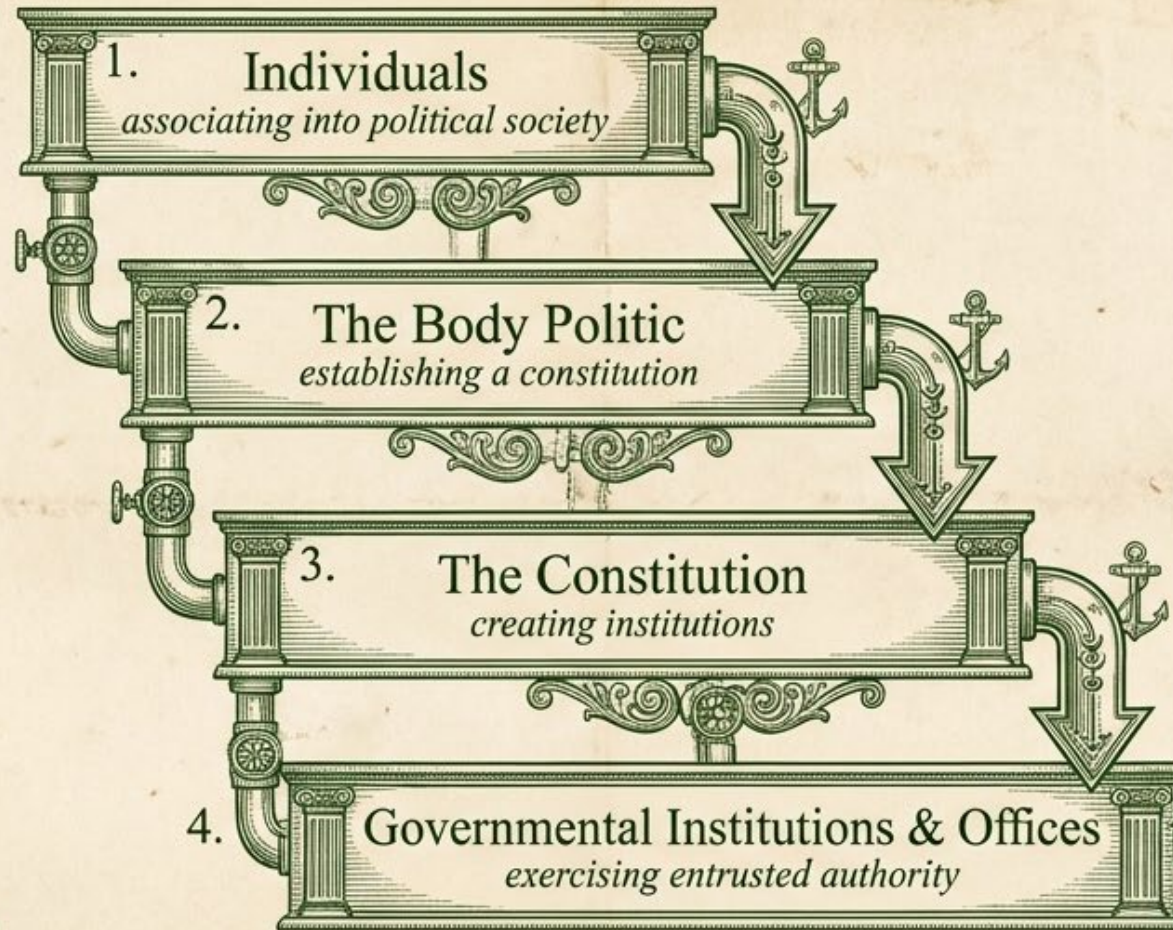
Final Thought: Apply the same discipline to ourselves: identify the authority, establish jurisdiction, and use the lawful process provided.

SLIDE 11: THE RECORD IS TESTED AGAINST THE SOURCE



SLIDE 12: GOVERNMENT IS DOWNSTREAM

The Antecedent Source & Law



The order matters.
Government enters the
chain strictly after the
Source and the Law.

Possessing coercive
power does not move
government upstream
or transform the agent
into the source.

This provides a fixed point for testing the record. The principal
remains distinct from the governmental machinery.

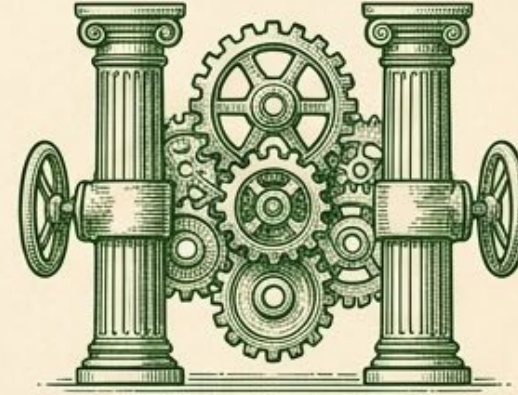
SLIDE 13: THE STATE IS NOT THE GOVERNMENT

THE STATE (The Principal)



- The organized body politic
- The Original Source of Power

THE GOVERNMENT (The Agent)



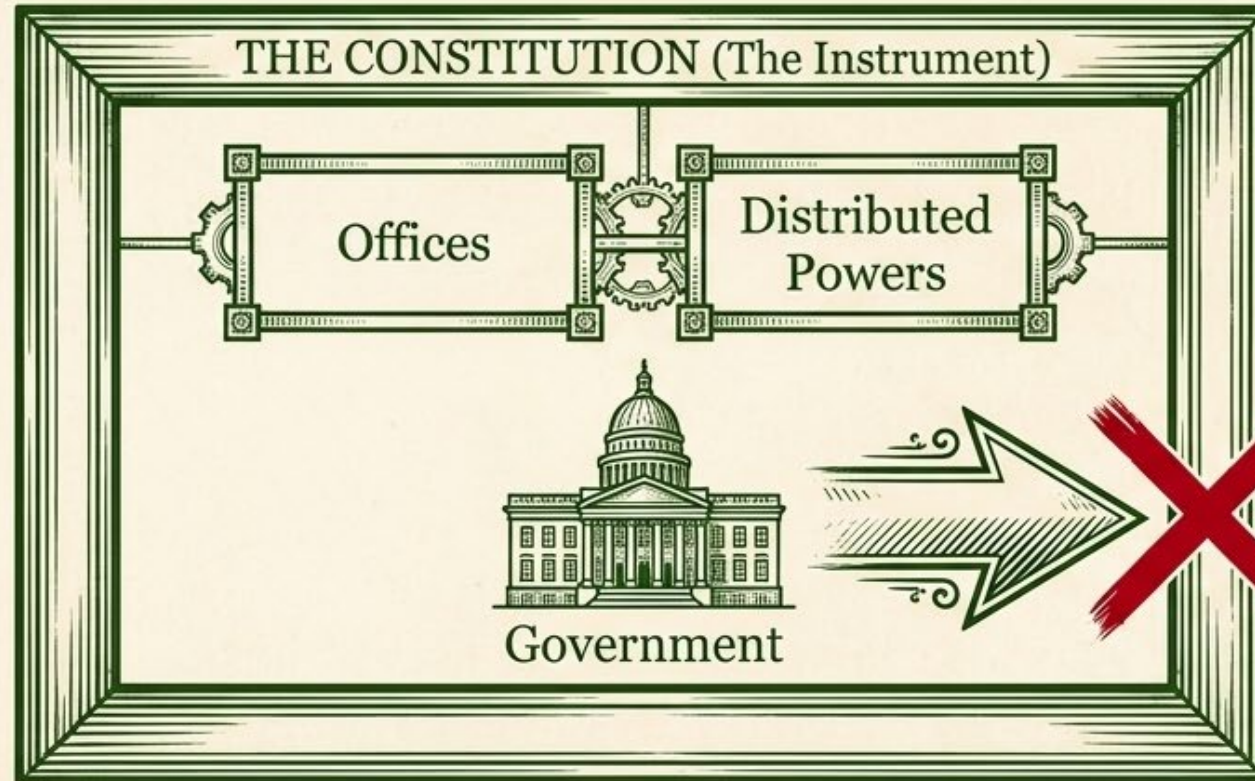
- Institutional machinery created beneath the constitution
- Substitutes and agents
- Exercises strictly derivative authority

The Massachusetts Constitution makes the relationship explicit: all power resides originally in the people; legislative, executive, and judicial officers are merely their “substitutes and agents’.”

The People = Source | Government = Agent | Constitution = Commission

SLIDE 14: THE CONSTITUTION IS THE COMMISSION

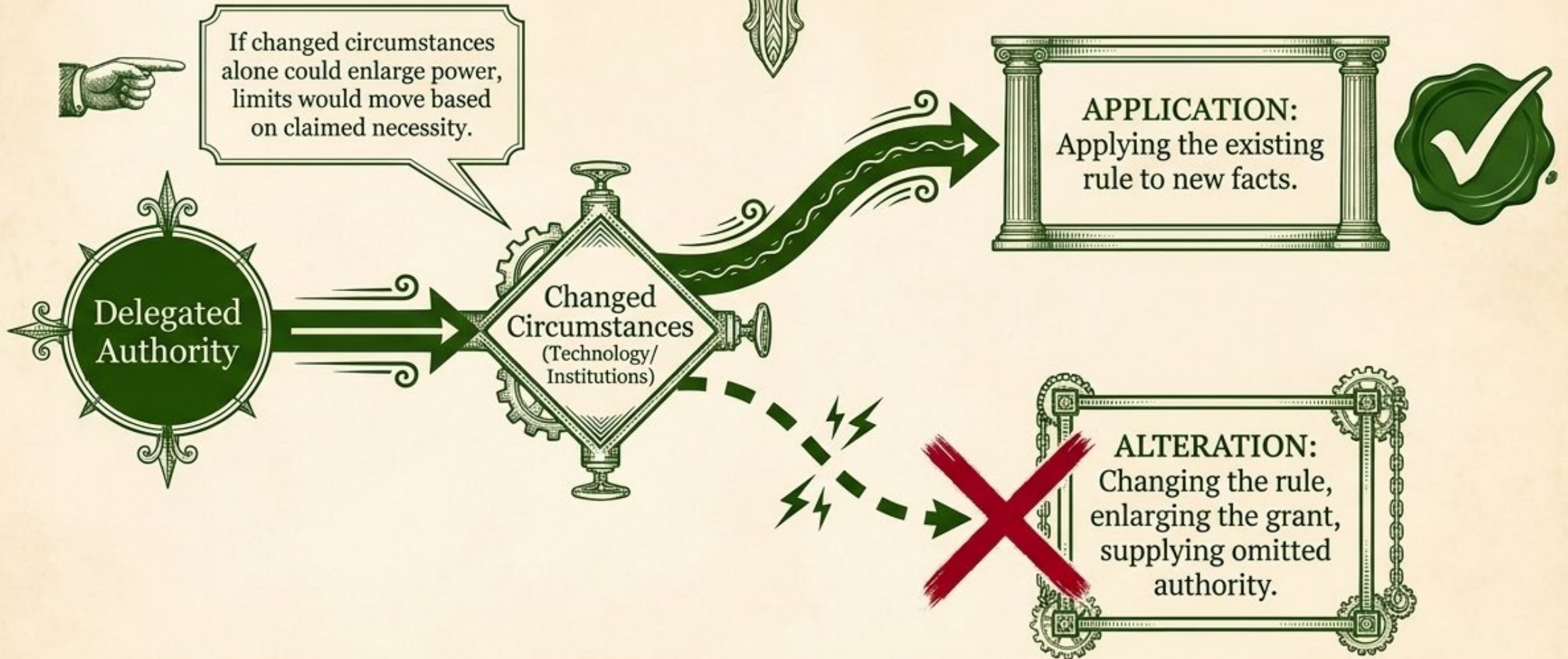
A written constitution establishes government and defines its entrusted authority.



The relationship cannot reverse itself. The agent does not control the meaning or boundaries of its own commission.

If the restrained actor could redefine the restraint, authority would change at the will of the grantee.

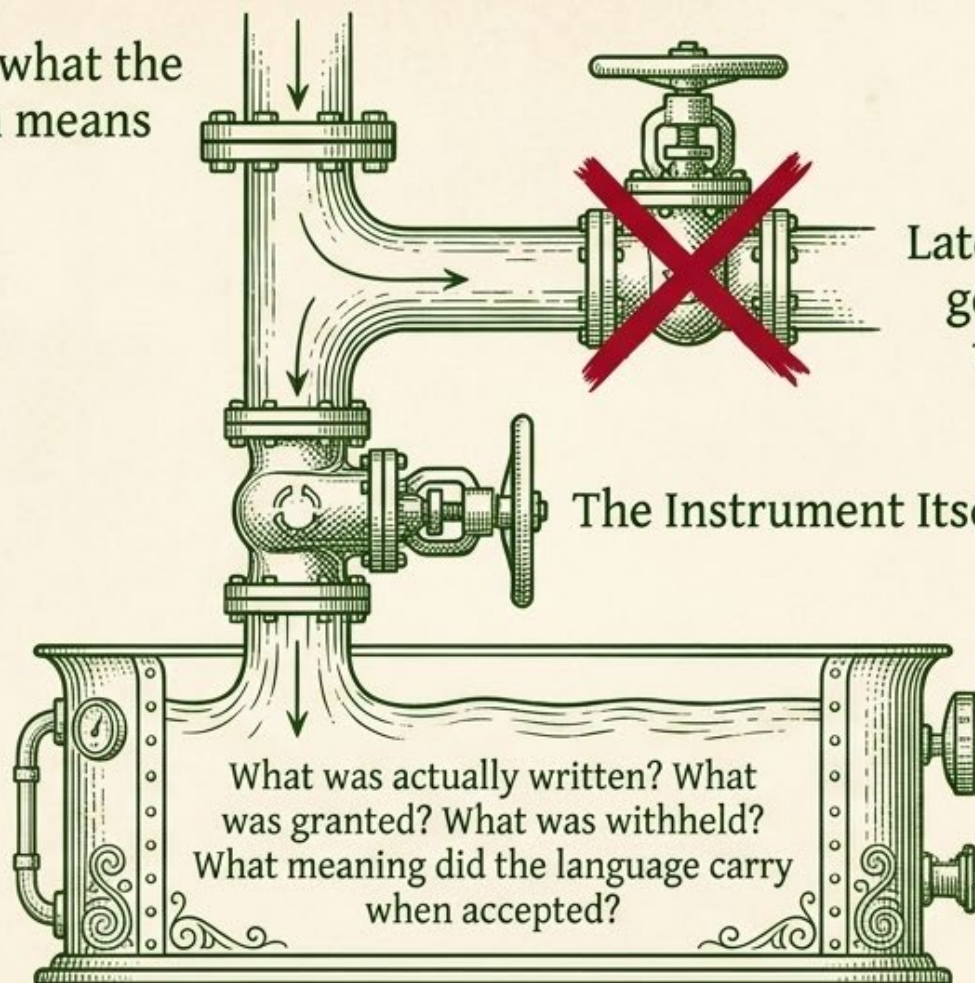
SLIDE 15: APPLICATION IS NOT ALTERATION



New circumstances may change the application of delegated authority. They do NOT change the delegation itself.

SLIDE 16: THE METHOD OF ASCERTAINMENT

Determining what the
commission means



Later preference of the
governmental actor

The grantee cannot determine
the extent of its own grant.

The Instrument Itself

What was actually written? What
was granted? What was withheld?
What meaning did the language carry
when accepted?

Interpretation applies the written commission; it does not supply what the commission omitted.
Ascertain what was actually given before asking what government says its power means.

Natural Meaning at Time of Acceptance

Do not
interpret
what needs
no interpre-
tation.

Respect
omissions:
Do not insert
afterward
what was
omitted.

Neither
party
interprets
according to
their own
preference.

Accept as
declared
what is
sufficiently
declared.

Begin with
the words
actually
chosen, not
later
authority
claimed.

The Discipline: Read what was granted, respect what was omitted, and never permit the grantee to enlarge the grant.

Contemporanea expositio est optima et fortissima in lege
(Contemporaneous exposition is the strongest evidence of legal meaning).

SLIDE 18: CONTEMPORANEOUS EXPOSITION

Adoption of the
Written Commission



The meaning its
language carried
when the commission
was adopted.

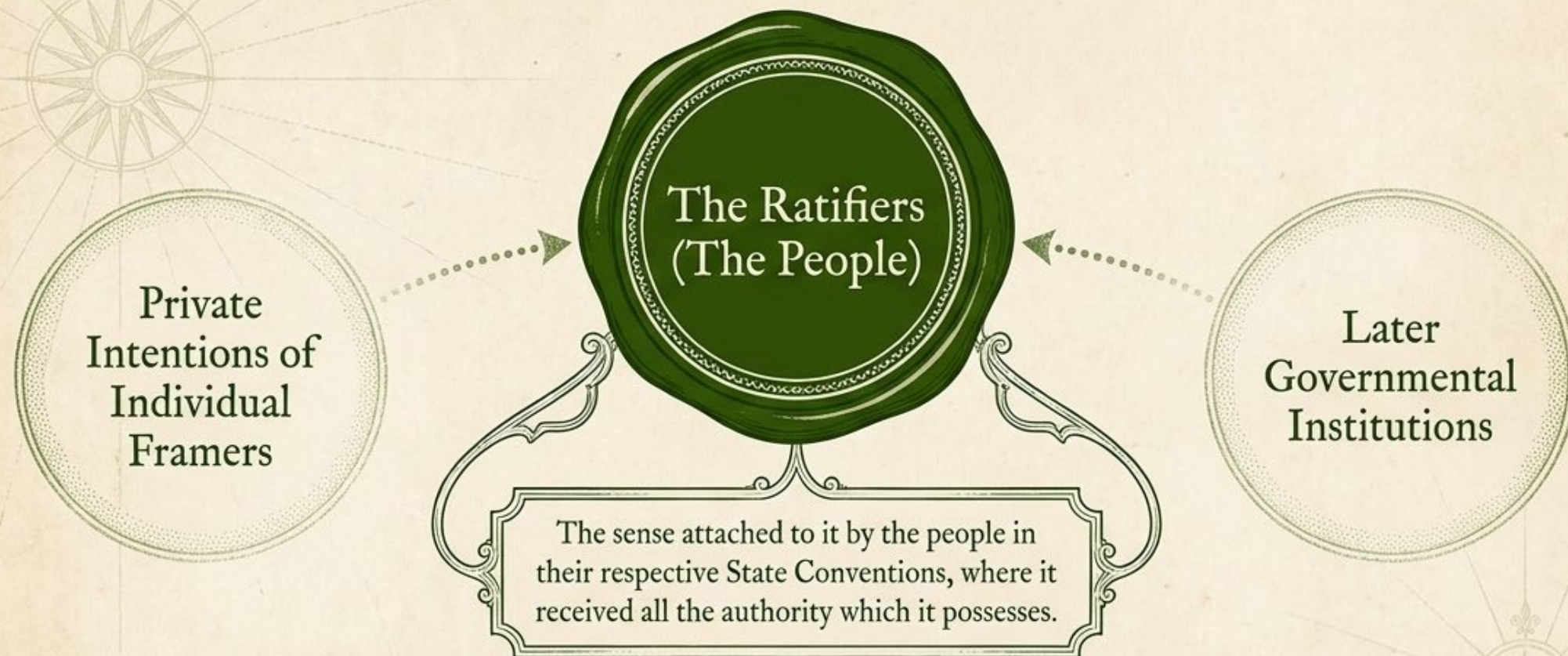


Later Governmental
Practice

Practice shows what
government did, but
cannot rewrite the
original commission.

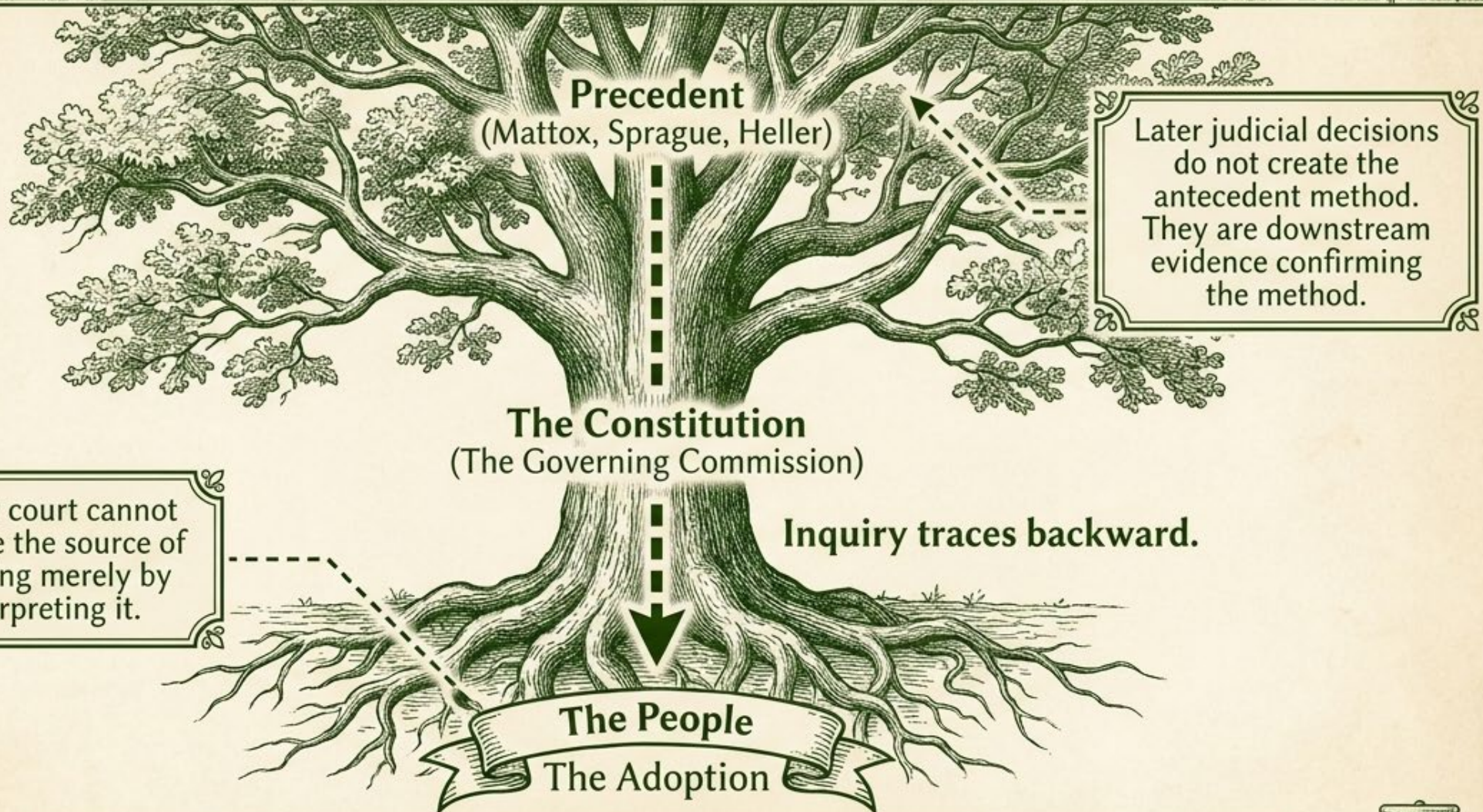
The direction of inquiry remains upstream. Later practice is
tested against the original commission, not vice versa.

SLIDE 19: WHOSE UNDERSTANDING CONTROLS?



Meaning is ascertained from the instrument and its lawful adoption by the Source—not supplied afterward by the actors created beneath it.

SLIDE 20: LATER CASES CONFIRM THE METHOD



Use precedent in its proper place. Cases may confirm the method, but they do not become the source from which constitutional authority derives.

SLIDE 21: NOW APPLY THE METHOD TO THE JUDICIARY

Authority derives from the same constitutional commission as every other department.



**Jus dicere,
non jus dare.**

(Declaring the law vs.
Creating the law)

The test remains the same: Trace the authority back to its source.

SLIDE 22: JUDGMENT IS NOT WILL

JUDGMENT



Operates on antecedent Law

Ascertains and applies the rule

Traces to a lawful source

WILL



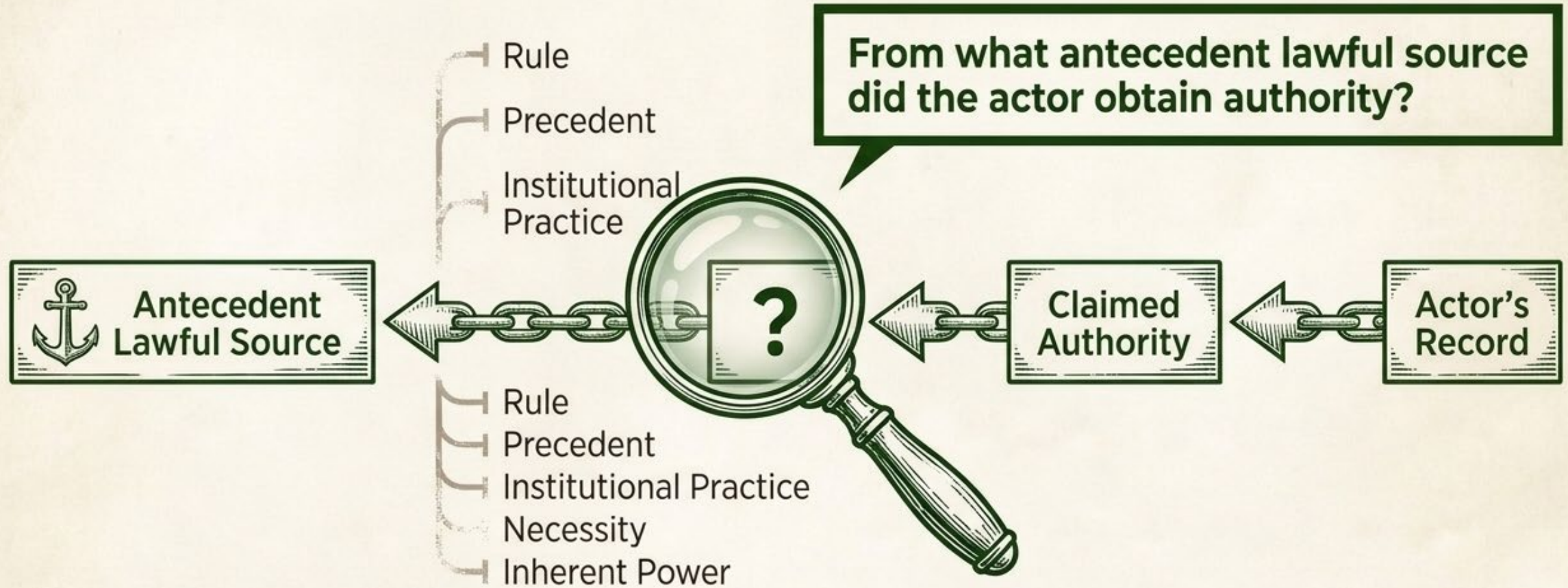
Originates the rule

Represents preference of the actor

Alters commission / Enlarges authority

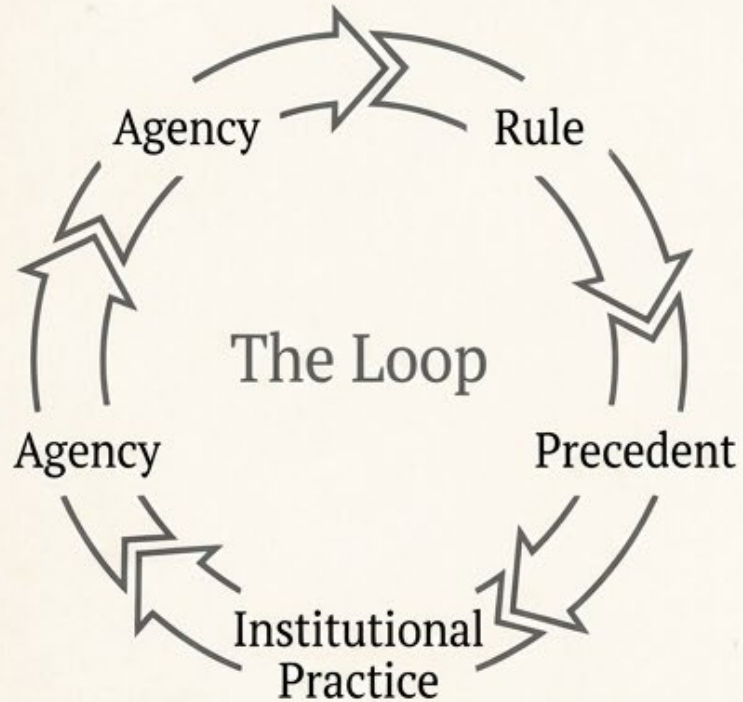
The **judiciary cannot become the measure of its own constitutional authority.**
Is the court **applying the Law**, or **supplying authority it was never given?**

SLIDE 23: THE CONTROLLING QUESTION



If the answer remains inside government,
government is being used to prove government.

SLIDE 24: WHEN THE CHAIN TERMINATES IN ITSELF



Terminates Inside Government.

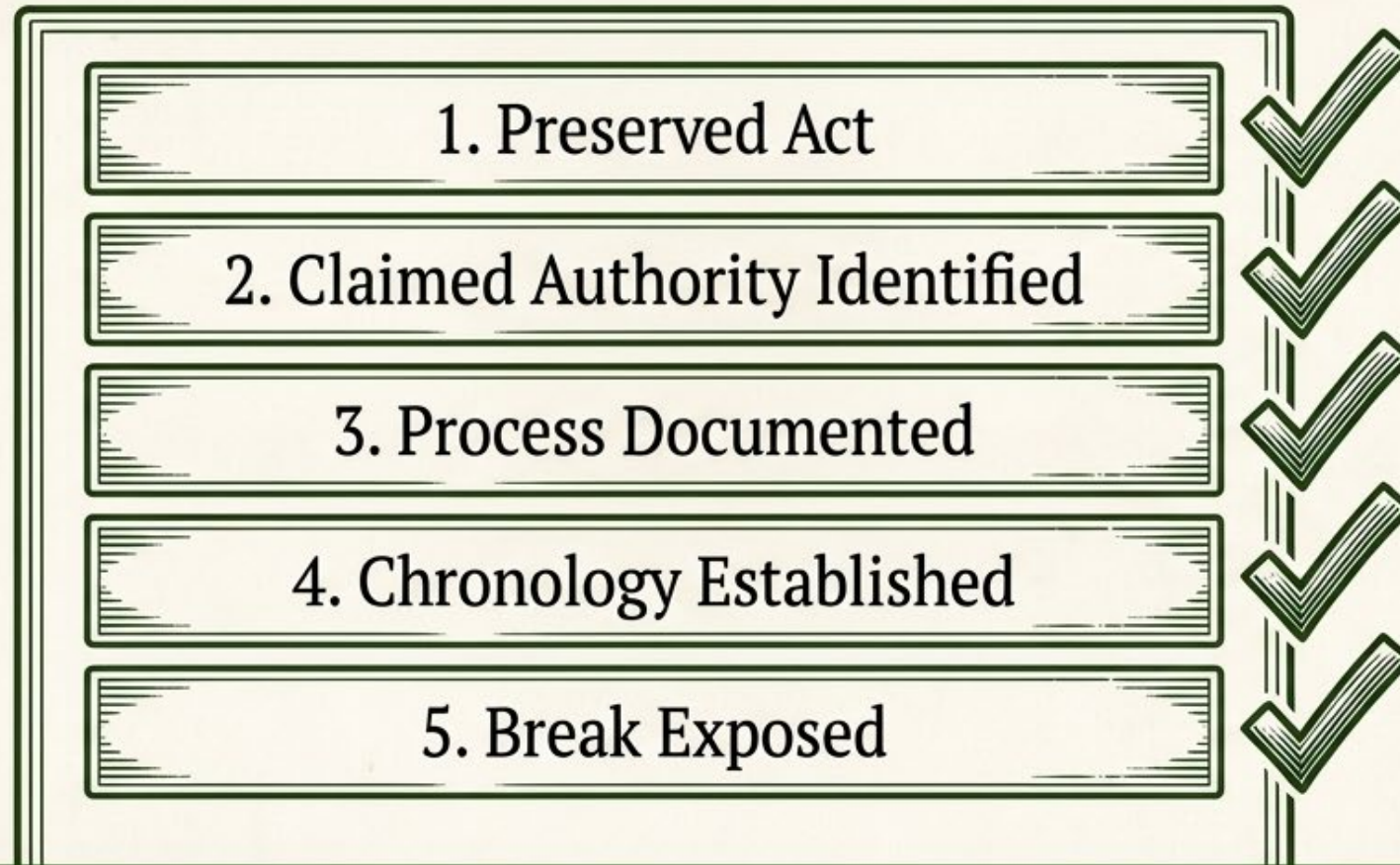
**Circularity
cannot cure
circularity by
validating
itself.**



Terminates Outside Government.

Institutional repetition cannot supply a missing grant merely by repeating it.

SLIDE 25: THE RECORD HAS DONE ITS JOB



We are no longer asking the actor to explain itself. It is evidence of what occurred.

Build the record → Ascertain the law → Locate the break → Preserve the proof → Move to Accountability

SLIDE 26: NOW MOVE TO ACCOUNTABILITY

The record does not need the actor who created the defect to validate it.



The Completed
Record

**Accountability
(The Final Link)**



Jurisdictional
Authority

Writs

Criminal
Referrals

IG Referrals

Professional
Complaints

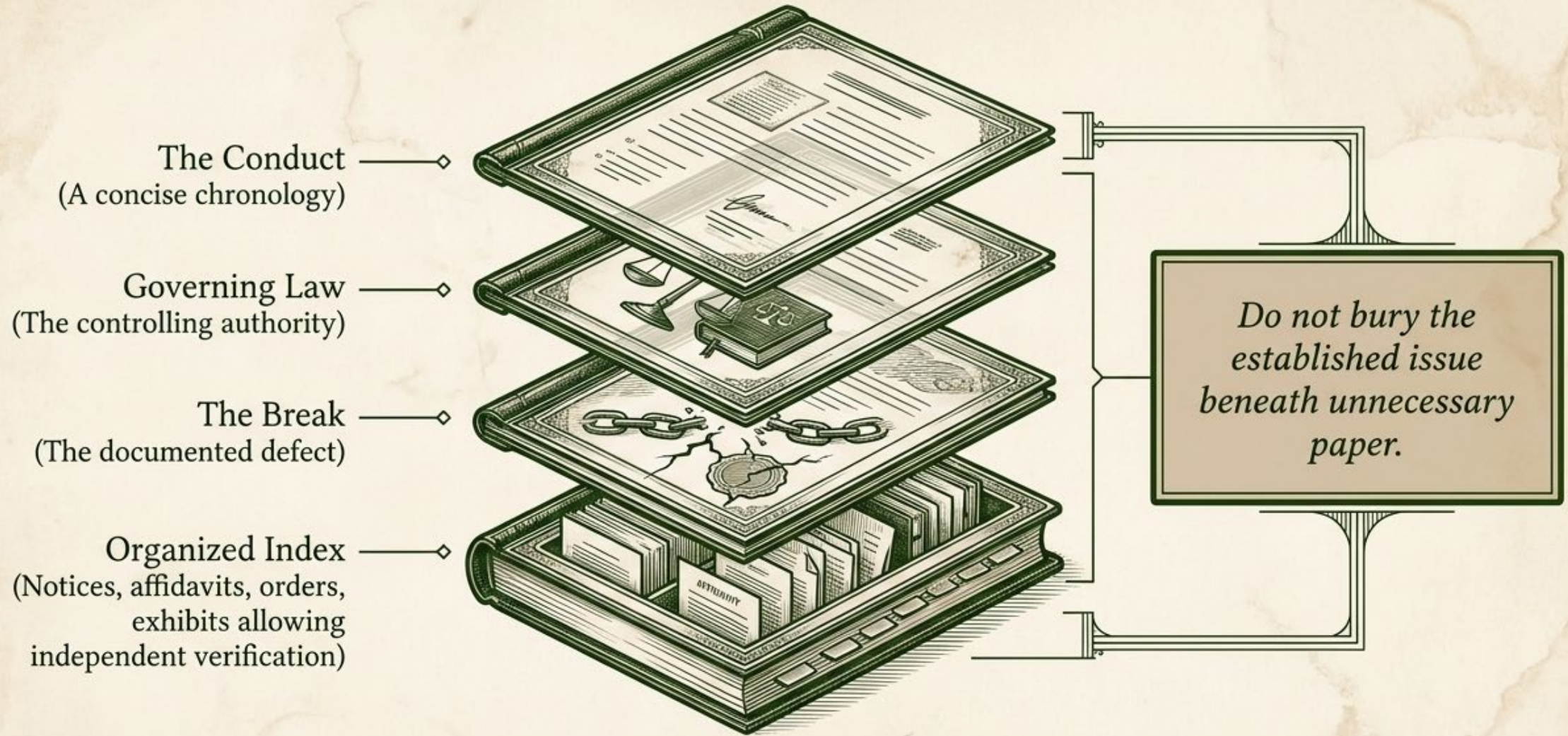
The method does not change when the forum changes.

SLIDE 27: MATCH THE RECORD TO THE LAWFUL VEHICLE

Documented Defect	Proper Forum	Lawful Vehicle
Failure of Official Duty	Judicial Authority	Writ
Criminal Misconduct	Prosecutorial Authority	Criminal Referral
Administrative Misconduct	Inspector General	IG Complaint

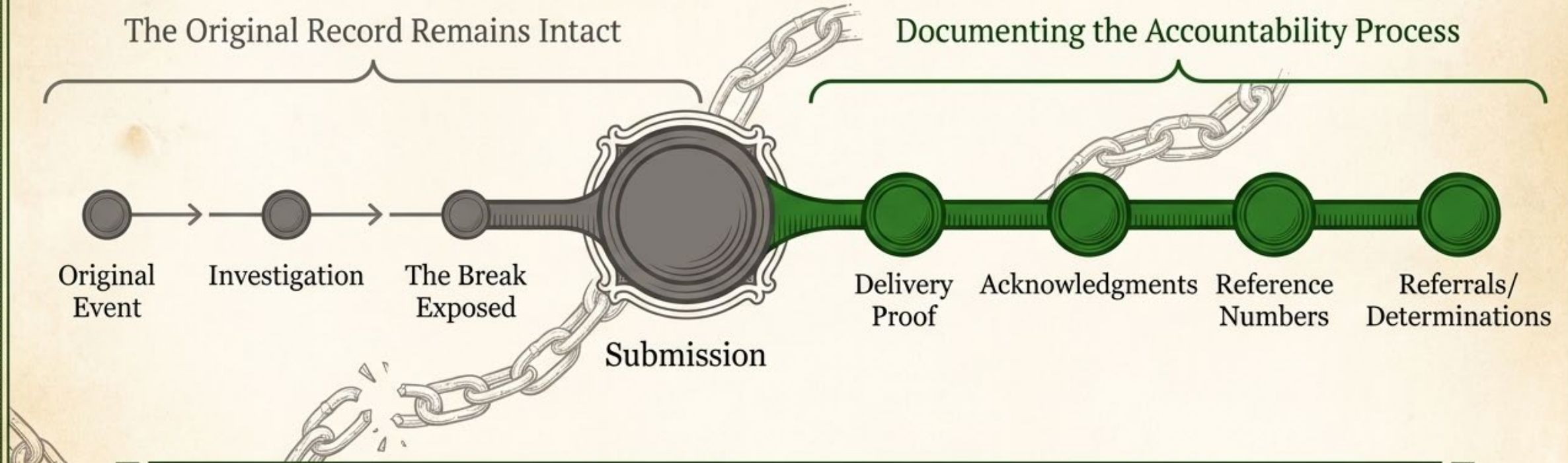
The vehicle changes, but the discipline does not.
Match Record → Authority → Jurisdiction → Vehicle.

SLIDE 28: BUILD THE ACCOUNTABILITY SUBMISSION



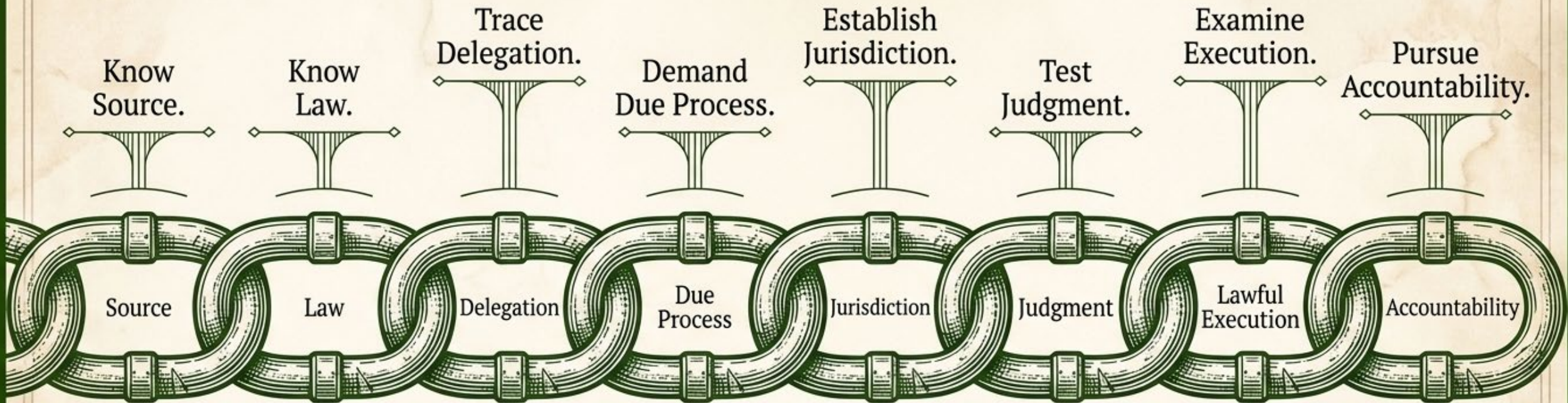
State what it establishes, show where it establishes it, identify the Law, and place proof before the authority.

SLIDE 29: ACCOUNTABILITY CREATES ITS OWN RECORD



The purpose is not to ask the institution to verify your original evidence.
The purpose is to document what they do after receiving it.

SLIDE 30: COMPLETE THE CHAIN



The purpose was never simply to recognize a defect. It was to develop the discipline to identify it, document it, and carry it forward. That completes the Chain of Authority.